Putting It All Together: Teaching, Leadership and Learning For the Pennsylvania Department of Education **Presented by Douglas B. Reeves** For a complete copy of the slides, e-mail: DReeves@LeadandLearn.com +303-504-9312, ext. 512

You are a REVENUE SOURCE, Not an expense

- 35,000 dropouts in Pennsylvania
- \$9.1 billion lost wages and productivity in ONE CLASS
- \$505.5 million in medical care
- \$288 million PER YEAR SAVINGS from a FIVE PERCENT REDUCTION IN MALE DROPOUT RATE

The

Leadership

Learning

Source: Alliance for Excellent Education, 2009, www. all4ed.org



- Closing The Implementation Gap
- Confronting Realities
- Turnarounds That Work
- Reconsidering 21st Century Skills



From the Shorter OED (5th ed.)

 The term "train" in noun form comes from the Old French, traine, connoting "guile, deceit, ruse" and is defined as "an act or scheme designed to deceive or entrap someone; a trick, a stratagem." As a verb, the first definition of "train" is "Draw or pull along; drag, haul." As a transitive verb it means "drag out, protract, spin out; spend or pass time slowly or tediously."

Interactive Learning

- Choose your learning style teams, pairs, or alone
- Five learning activities 10-second countdown
- Questions, challenges, and success stories during breakout
- Slides and articles available free at www.LeadandLearn.com
 The Leadership and Learning

The Latest Research on the Implementation Gap

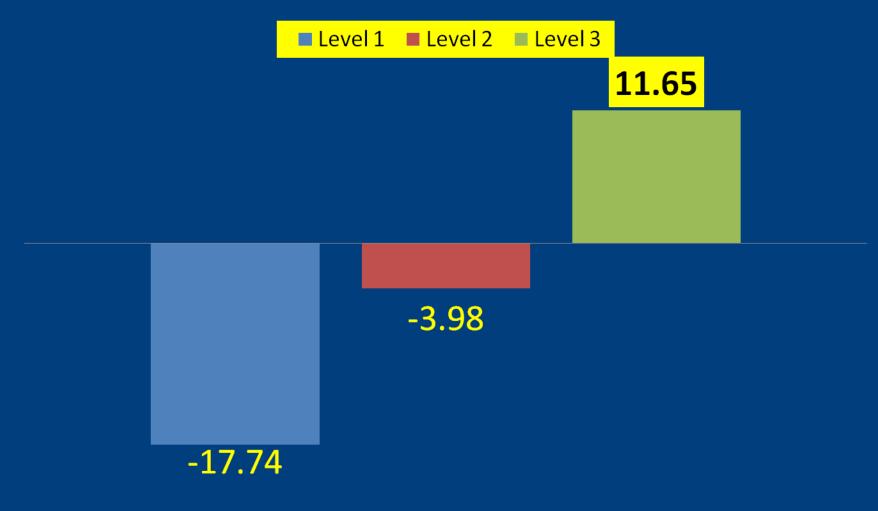
Planning for Success:

- Comprehensive Needs Assessment
- Inquiry Process
- Prioritization six or fewer
- Specificity
- Measurability
- Monitoring

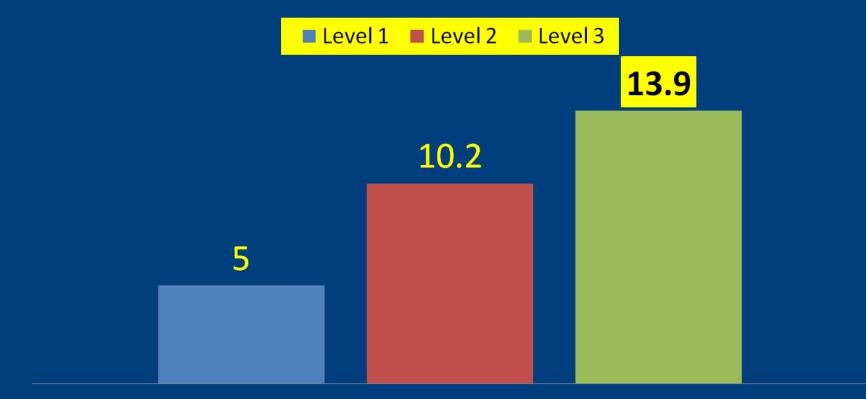
Does it Work?

2,000 Schools 1.5 million students Diverse populations Three years of student achievement data

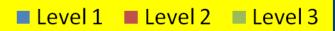
All Schools, All Subjects Only High Scores Yield Gains

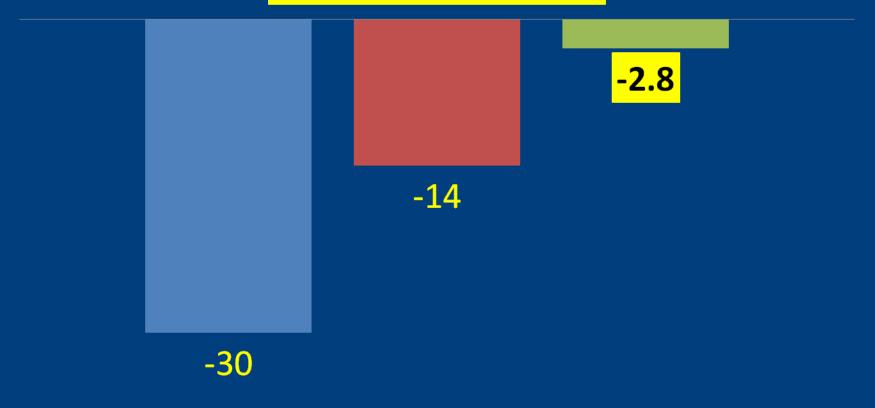


Only Improving Schools Deep Implementation Maximizes Impact



Only Declining Schools Deep Implementation Mitigates Damage



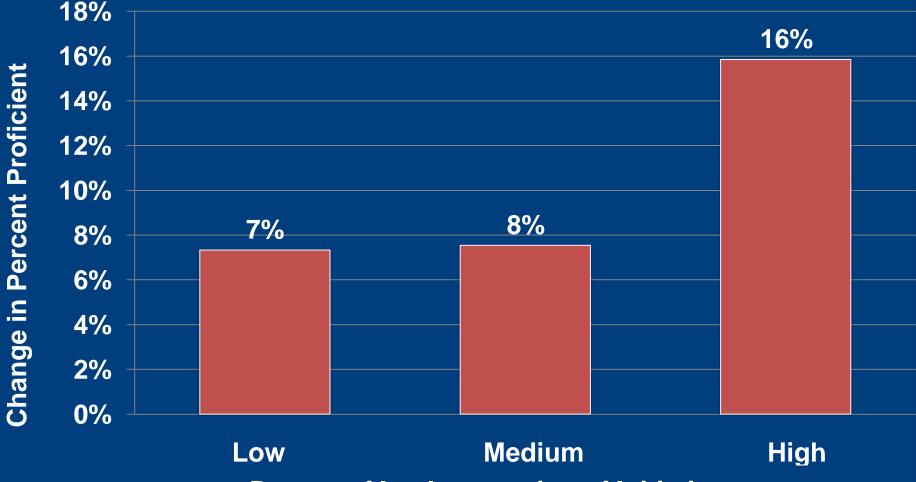


Consistent with New 2010 Research

The critical variable for professional learning is DEEP IMPLEMENTATION

Professional Learning Communities And Math Performance 2008-2009

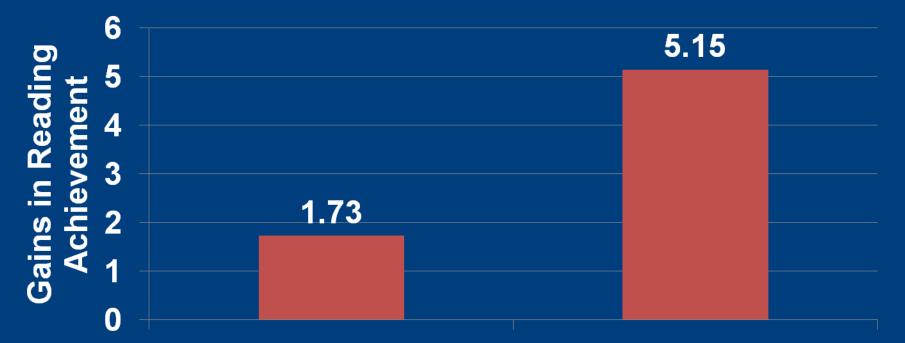
All Grades



Degree of Implementation of Initiative

Profession Learning Communities And Reading Achievement

All Grades



Low to Medium High Degree of Implementation of PLC's

Closing the Implementation Gap

Leadership Essentials: Focus, Feedback, Flexibility

Confronting the Realities of Rising Demands and Fewer Resources

Sustainability

- Imagine a system with . . .
- No money
- No mandates
- What would educational leaders do just because it's the right thing to do?

Deciding Where to Focus

- Maximum impact on student results
- No hidden costs
- Clear specification of success

Implementation Audit

- Implementation inventory
- Implementation rubrics determine the range of implementation for every instructional initiative
- Implementation impact assess the impact of achievement on results

Investing in Education, Not Litigation

- The limits of "pay for performance"

 1) Score rewards
 2) Growth rewards
 3) Credential rewards

 What really motivates? Purpose,
- autonomy, feedback, progress
- "Harmonious Passion"

Distinguish Evaluation from Feedback

- Envision three stacks of data:
 - 1) Student results formative, summative, academic, and behavioral
 - 2) Teacher quality Marzano four-point rubric with reciprocal teacher input
 - 3) Leadership quality Reeves fourpoint rubric with reciprocal leadership input
- Ask the "big questions" work works for YOUR schools and YOUR students?

Leadership Focus

The Greatest Gift to Your Staff and Students

Focus at the Individual Level

The Myths of Multi-tasking

- "Multi-taskers are just lousy at everything... High multi-taskers are suckers for irrelevancy."
- "The core of the problem is that multitaskers think they're great at what they do, and they've convinced everybody else they're good at it too."
 Source: Prof. Clifford Nass. (August 2009) Stanford University.

Focus at the Organizational Level

Focusing Leadership Actions

- Feedback for students and teachers
- Expectations and Efficacy
- Time the #1 source of teacher dissatisfaction
- Formative Assessment
- Nonfiction Writing

So What If You Make Some Mistakes?

Choices of Error: Type I and Type II The Relative Impact of Demographics, Teaching, and Leadership on Achievement

- Socioeconomic status 50% of a standard deviation
- Feedback on student performance 73%
- Formative assessment 90%
- Teacher clarity 72%
- Teacher-student relationships 72%
- Microteaching 88%

Source: Hattie, John (2009). Visible Learning

Turnarounds that Work: From 90 90 90 to 100 100 100

Sustainability in High Performing High Poverty Schools

- 90 90 90 Research
 - Replicated over time by independent researchers
 - -Virtually identical findings:
 - 1) Laser-like focus on achievement
 - 2) Collaborative scoring
 - 3) Non-fiction writing
 - 4) Multiple opportunities for successible Leadership

From 90 90 90 to 100 100 100

- Poverty levels increasing
- Second language students increasing
- Parental anxiety and stress increasing
- And . . .
- Dramatic reduction in failures
- Increase in college credit
- Improvement in discipline and morale

The 4th 90: 90% ELL Populations

- Time there is no substitute
- Writing particularly summarization and description
- Content don't delay opportunities in math, science, music, art, and social studies
- Power Standards focus, not frantic coverage

Reconsidering 21st Century Skills

Rethinking 21st Century Skills

- Choose ONE Century
- Sixteenth
- Eighteenth
- Twentieth
- ADD Pennsylvania CONTEXT
- What are the most important skills YOUR students need in THAT century?

Other Challenges to 21st Century Learning

- Unverified self-confidence
- Effortless Brilliance
- F-style reading
- Hypotheses masquerading as fact (By the year 2000, schools will be paperless!)
- Cut-and-paste masquerading as research

21st Century Assessment

- Collaboration
- Creativity
- Critical Thinking
- Communication

21st Century Behaviors and Impacts on Learning

Of course, not every 21st Century influence is bad . . .

Redefining "Professional Practice"

- Planning
- Reaction to mistakes
- Frequency of practice
- Embrace of difficulty
- Sources of feedback
- Hours to mastery
- Practice vs. Performance

The Big Ideas

- Deep implementation not superficial fragmentation
- Monitor adults not just children
- Practices not programs
- Enduring skills and knowledge not fads of the week – or the century

Questions, Discussion, and Evaluation

For a complete copy of all research slides, please e-mail: <u>Dreeves@LeadandLearn.com</u> +(303) 504-9312, ext. 512